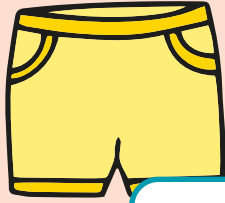




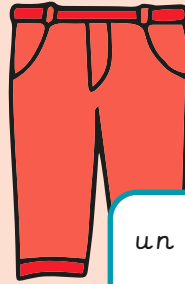
un t-shirt

a t-shirt



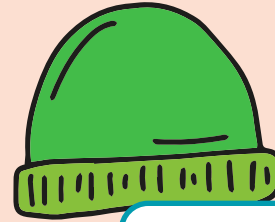
un short

shorts



un pantalon

trousers



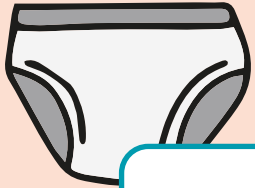
un chapeau

a hat



un maillot
de bain

a swimsuit



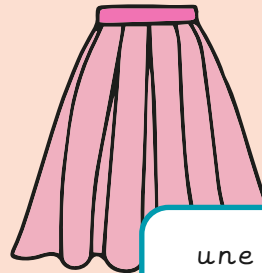
une culotte

pants



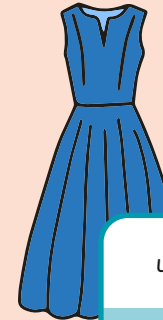
une chemise

a shirt



une jupe

a skirt



une robe

a dress



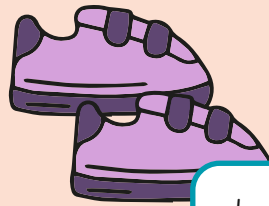
une veste

a jacket



des bottes

boots



des baskets

trainers



des chaussettes

socks



des lunettes

glasses



Sentence structure and phrases

French nouns are either

masculine
(boy)

or

feminine
(girl)

Difference between **un** and **une**.
Both mean 'a' or 'an'.

masculine

feminine

un

une

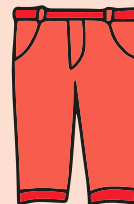
Un is used for masculine nouns and
une is used for feminine nouns.

Colour adjectives come after the noun and must agree with the gender and number that they are describing. This is usually achieved by:

No change for masculine singular nouns

le pantalon rouge

a red pair of trousers



Adding an **e** for feminine singular nouns

une robe bleue

a blue dress



Adding an **s** for masculine plural nouns

des baskets violets

some purple trainers



Adding **es** for feminine plural nouns

des chaussettes vertes

some green socks



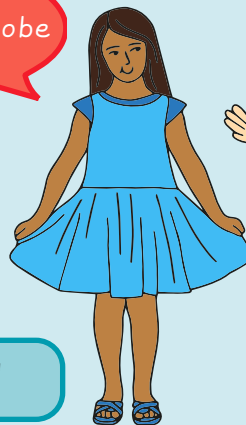
Different ways to say my:

mon	my (masculine singular)
ma	my (feminine singular)
mes	my (plural)

Other phrases

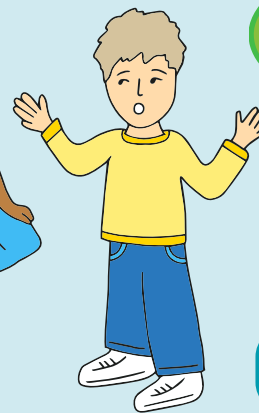
il porte / elle porte	+ clothing - he is wearing / she is wearing
j'aime	I like 👍
je n'aime pas	I don't like 👎

J'aime **ma** robe



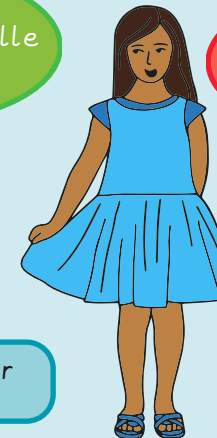
I like my dress

C'est de quelle couleur ?



What colour is it?

C'est **une** robe bleue



It is a blue dress